Announcement

Attention of readers interested in carcinogetic agents is drawn to the March issue of the A.M.A. Archives of Industrial Hygiene and Occupational Medicine (Vol. 5, No. 3), which contains a series of sixteen papers on occupational and environmental factors in cancer. The papers are records of lectures presented during the past 4 years at meetings of the Cancer Prevention Committee. The subjects discussed are as follows:

13. Workmen’s Compensation Insurance as a Source of Data on Tumors in Relation to Occupation. R. N. Gray, M.D., Hartford, Conn.
15. The New Jersey Occupational Cancer Survey. Edwin D. Merrill, M.D., Milford, N.J.

Book Reviews


This book was written as an introduction to the field of radiation therapy for medical students, interns, residents, and general practitioners. The first part of the book deals with the theoretical principles of x-rays, radium, their origins and properties. There is included a chapter dealing with the fundamental aspects of new types of rays discovered by the nuclear physicists during the past few years.

The second part of the book deals with the general biological actions of different kinds of rays on the human body as well as with their therapeutic effects on tumors. Because of the author’s special interest in gynecology, this aspect of radiation therapy is emphasized.

This monograph is unusually clear and well written and is highly recommended for an introduction in that field of cancer therapy for all who have a reading knowledge of German. It should be pointed out that the list of up-to-date references includes 951 items which deal directly or are closely related to this problem.

HANNS SCHMITZ
McArdle Memorial Laboratory
University of Wisconsin

Hanns Schmitz


Updated version Access the most recent version of this article at: http://cancerres.aacrjournals.org/content/12/10/762.2.citation

E-mail alerts Sign up to receive free email-alerts related to this article or journal.

Reprints and Subscriptions To order reprints of this article or to subscribe to the journal, contact the AACR Publications Department at pubs@aacr.org.

Permissions To request permission to re-use all or part of this article, contact the AACR Publications Department at permissions@aacr.org.