Contents

i Resolution of the Board of Directors of the AACR.

ii Letter to the Editor.


752 Light Microscopic Observations of Morris Hepatomas. Z. Hruban, H. P. Morris, Y. Mochizuki, D. R. Meranze, and A. Slesers.


774 Transfer RNA Methylose Activity in Normal Rat Liver and Some Morris Hepatomas. Bertram Sheld, Susan M. Wilson, and Harold P. Morris.


798 Nucleolar Morphology, Nucleic Acid Syntheses, and Growth Rates of Experimental Tumors. Milan Potmesil and Anna Goldfeder.


817 Regression of Prolactin-dependent Rat Mammary Carcinoma in Response to Antihormone Treatment. Thomas P. Butler and Olof H. Pearson.


826 A Spontaneous Mesenchymal Cell Neoplasm in the Adult Newt, Diemictylus viridescens. E. Robert Burns and Harold J. White.


834 Inhibition of Immune Responses by Glutamine Antagonism: Effect of Azotomycin on Lymphocyte Blastogenesis. Evan M. Hersh and Barry W. Brown.

841 The Erythrocyte as Virus Carrier in Friend and Rauscher Virus Leukemias. Christopher A. Reilly, Jr., and Gerd T. Schloss.


851 Use of Mouse Vaginal and Rectal Epithelium to Screen Antimitotic Effects of Systemically Administered Drugs. Richard H. Bonder and Eugene J. Van Scott.

854 Effect of Hypothalamic Lesions on the Genesis...
of Spontaneous Mammary Gland Tumors in the Mouse.

J. E. Bruni and D. G. Montemurro.

Phytohemagglutinin Unresponsiveness in Mouse Spleen Cells Induced by Methylcholanthrene Sarcomas.


Melanotic and A melanotic Melanomas in Xiphophorin Fish.

Jürgen Vielkind, Ursula Vielkind, and Fritz Anders.

Temporal Changes in DNA and RNA Synthesis in the Regenerating Liver of Hydrocortisone-treated Rats.

Arturo J. Rizzo, Paul Heilpern, and Thomas E. Webb.

Studies on Cellular and Humoral Immunity to Tumor-specific Antigens in Polyoma Virus-induced Tumors of Rats.

Surjit K. Datta and Michel Vandeputte.

COVER LEGEND


Using the ram testes as an experimental model, he proved the advantage of a dose of radiation fractionated in ten days over a greater total dose administered in a single exposure (Influence de la durée d'irradiation sur les effets déterminés dans le testicule par le radium. Compt. Rend. Soc. Biol., 86: 787—790, 1922). This observation on the time-dose relationship became the most important radiobiological contribution to modern radiotherapy. Regaud was also responsible for the development of gadgets (Colpostat, Columbia paste) and of techniques of interstitial and intracavitary radium therapy which have been widely accepted.

Henri Coutard (1876—1950), radiotherapist of the Radium Institute of Paris, the Chicago Tumor Institute, and the Penrose Cancer Hospital of Colorado Springs, did early work on the utilization of radium emanation (Sur l'émanation du radium et son utilisation thérapeutique. Congress of the Association Française pour l'Avancement des Sciences, Nimes, August 1912); in 1919, he joined the staff of the Radium Institute. With a single piece of radiological equipment and interchangeable tubes, he studied experimental radiophysics and radiodiagnosis and practiced radiotherapy. In 1922, he described the mucous membrane reaction which he named radio-epithelitis (Sur les délais d'apparition et d'évolution des réactions de la peau, et des muqueuses de la bouche et du pharynx, provoquées par les rayons X. Compt. Rend. Soc. Biol., 86: 1140—1141, 1922).

He originated the radiographic study of the larynx (Note préliminaire sur la radiographie du larynx normal et larynx cancéreux. J. Radiol. d'Électrol., 8: 461—465, 1924). Refusing to accept the theoretical limitations of Regaud's fractionation, Coutard dared to extend the daily irradiation of patients to periods of several weeks. His unprecedented results in the treatment of cancer of the larynx attracted worldwide attention (Considerations sur le cancer de la bande et de la cavité ventriculaire du larynx. Ann. des Mal. de l'Oreille, 46: 467—521, 1927). This method was dubbed the protracted-fractional treatment. His contributions are now indistinguishably incorporated into the everyday practice of radiotherapy (Principles of X-ray Therapy of Malignant Diseases. Lancet, 2: 1—12, 1934). Coutard was primarily responsible for placing radiotherapy on a clinical footing.

We are indebted to Dr. J. A. del Regato for both the portraits and the legend. Regaud is shown on the left; Coutard, on the right.