Highlights from Recent Cancer Literature

DNA Damage Response and Growth Factor Signaling Pathways in Gliomagenesis and Therapeutic Resistance

Massimo Squatrito and Eric C. Holland

MicroRNA Regulation of Cancer Stem Cells

Can Liu and Dean G. Tang

Circulating Tumor Cell Isolation and Diagnostics: Toward Routine Clinical Use

Anja van de Stolpe, Klaus Pantel, Stefan Sleijfer, Leon W. Terstappen, and Jaap M.J. den Toonder

Systems Biology: Confronting the Complexity of Cancer

Andrew J. Gentles and Daniel Gallahan

Using Tandem Mass Spectrometry in Targeted Mode to Identify Activators of Class IA PI3K in Cancer

Xuemei Yang, Alexa B. Turke, Jie Qi, Youngchul Song, Brent N. Bexer, Todd W. Miller, Pasi A. Jänne, Carlos L. Arteaga, Lewis C. Cantley, Jeffrey A. Engelman, and John M. Asara

Blocking Hypoxia-Induced Autophagy in Tumors Restores Cytotoxic T-Cell Activity and Promotes Regression

Muhammad Zaeem Noman, Bassam Janji, Bozena Kaminska, Kris Van Moer, Sandrine Pierson, Piotr Przanowski, Stéphanie Buart, Guy Berchem, Pedro Romero, Fathia Mami-Chouaib, and Salem Chouaib

Precis: This study establishes a crucial causal link between hypoxia-induced autophagy in tumor cells and their resistance to killing by antigen-specific cytotoxic T cells, revealing a major role for autophagy in mediating immune escape in cancer.

Circulating Tumor Cell Isolation and Diagnostics: Toward Routine Clinical Use

Paola Pittoni, Claudio Tripodo, Silvia Piconese, Giorgio Mauri, Mariella Parente, Alice Rigoni, Sabina Sangaletti, and Mario P. Colombo

Precis: Findings demonstrate a dual role for mast cells in the progression of prostate cancer, arguing that therapeutic targeting of mast cells may be beneficial in early but not late stages of this disease.

Using Tandem Mass Spectrometry in Targeted Mode to Identify Activators of Class IA PI3K in Cancer

Sonja Textor, Nathalie Fiegler, Annette Arnold, Angel Porgador, Thomas G. Hofmann, and Adelheid Cerwenka

Precis: Findings show how p53 mediates an important aspect of its tumor suppressor function by stimulating natural killer cells, a powerful arm of the innate immune system that can destroy tumor cells.

Precis: Defining the upstream acting tyrosine kinase pathways that activate PI3K signaling in different tumors may help inform clinical decisions about personalized strategies for cancer treatment.

Activated Notch1 Induces Lung Adenomas in Mice and Cooperates with Myc in the Generation of Lung Adenocarcinoma

Thaddeus D. Allen, Elena M. Rodriguez, Kirk D. Jones, and J. Michael Bishop

Precis: This study offers a preclinical genetic proof-of-concept that targeted inhibitors of the Notch pathway should be useful to treat lung adenocarcinomas and other solid tumors driven by oncogenic Myc.
Taxane-Induced Blockade to Nuclear Accumulation of the Androgen Receptor Predicts Clinical Responses in Metastatic Prostate Cancer


Précis: This study suggests a histochemical test in circulating cancer cells that could predict therapeutic responses to taxanes used to treat advanced prostate cancer.

Biological Roles of the Delta Family Notch Ligand Dll4 in Tumor and Endothelial Cells in Ovarian Cancer


Précis: Findings define a functionally important role for a Notch receptor ligand of the Delta family in both the tumor and endothelial compartments of ovarian cancer, with potential implications to leverage outcomes of anti-VEGF treatment.

Vitamin D3 Enhances the Apoptotic Response of Epithelial Tumors to Aminolevulinate-Based Photodynamic Therapy

Sanjay Anand, Clara Wilson, TAYYABA Hasan, and Edward V. Maytin

Précis: This important study shows how vitamin D3 can be used as a simple, nontoxic, and highly effective preconditioning regimen to enhance the response of epithelial tumors to a combination drug phototherapy, perhaps broadening its clinical applications.

A Novel ALK Secondary Mutation and EGFR Signaling Cause Resistance to ALK Kinase Inhibitors


Précis: Identifying mechanisms of resistance to targeted inhibitors represents a first step in developing second generation drugs and/or rationale combination therapies as potential clinical therapies for cancer patients.

Endothelial Cells Create a Stem Cell Niche in Glioblastoma by Providing NOTCH Ligands That Nurture Self-Renewal of Cancer Stem-Like Cells

Thant S. Zhu, Mark A. Costello, Caroline E. Talsma, Callie G. Flack, Jessica G. Crowley, Lisa L. Ham, Xiaobing He, Shawn L. Hervey-Jumper, Jason A. Heth, Karin M. Muraszko, Francesco DiMeco, Angelo L. Vescovi, and Xing Fan

Précis: This important human study expands concepts of how the tumor endothelium supports cancer growth, in providing not only a blood supply but also a niche to feed self-renewal of cancer stem-like cells.

DLL4-Notch Signaling Mediates Tumor Resistance to Anti-VEGF Therapy In Vivo

Ji-Liang Li, Richard C.A. Sainson, Chern Ein Oon, Helen Turley, Russell Leek, Helen Sheldon, Esther Bridges, Wen Shi, Cameron Snell, Emma T. Bowden, Herren Wu, Partha S. Chowdhury, Angela J. Russell, Craig P. Montgomery, Richard Poulson, and Adrian L. Harris

Précis: Findings implicate the DLL4-Notch signaling pathway in mediating resistance to the widely administered antiangiogenic drug bevacizumab, suggesting that a combined blockade could enhance its efficacy.
ABOUT THE COVER

Mast cells are best known for their primary involvement in allergic reactions, but have recently been reappraised as important players in either cancer promotion or inhibition. Pittoni and colleagues report that mast cells are enriched and degranulated in areas of adenocarcinoma in prostate tumor-bearing mice and patients, and foster tumor growth through MMP-9 provision. However, mast cell–targeted therapy in this setting has a dark side, originating from the previously unrecognized capacity of mast cells to control neuroendocrine prostate tumor variants. For details, see the article by Pittoni and colleagues on page 5987 of this issue.
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