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        Précis: Seminal findings describe a new noninvasive tool to image the internal fluid pressure in tumors, revealing a metric that might be used to predict the metastatic potential of any solid tumor.

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4909  Roles for Endothelin Receptor B and BCL2A1 in Spontaneous CNS Metastasis of Melanoma
        William Cruz-Muíñoz, Maria L. Jaramillo, Shan Man, Ping Xu, Myriam Banville, Catherine Collins, Andre Nantel, Giulio Francia, Sherif S. Morgan, Lee D. Cranmer, Maureen D. O’Connor-McCourt, and Robert S. Kerbel

        Précis: A model to evaluate genes relevant to brain metastasis by malignant melanoma provides important new insights into this little-understood process.

4920  Rab27a Supports Exosome-Dependent and -Independent Mechanisms That Modify the Tumor Microenvironment and Can Promote Tumor Progression
        Angélique Bobrie, Sophie Krumeich, Fabien Reyal, Chiara Recchi, Luis F. Moita, Miguel C. Seabra, Matias Ostrowski, and Clotilde Thiery

        Précis: This important study offers what may be the first evidence of a role for in vivo secreted cancer cell-exosomes in primary tumor growth and metastasis.

4931  Soluble CD200 Is Critical to Engraft Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia Cells in Immunocompromised Mice
        Karrie K. Wong, Fred Brenneman, Alden Chesney, David E. Spaner, and Reginald M. Gorczynski

        Précis: This study characterizes a novel soluble isoform of the immunosuppressive molecule CD200, which, when overexpressed on cancer cells, may mediate immune escape.

4944  Functional Genomics Identifies Drivers of Medulloblastoma Dissemination
        Michael Mumert, Adrian Dubuc, Xiaochong Wu, Paul A. Northcott, Steven S. Chin, Carolyn A. Pedone, Michael D. Taylor, and Daniel W. Fults

        Précis: An understanding of the genetic determinants of metastatic dissemination of medulloblastoma will make it possible to eliminate highly neurotoxic treatments, such as craniospinal radiation, which are currently indispensable for long-term survival.
Frequent PVT1 Rearrangement and Novel Chimeric Genes PVT1-NBEA and PVT1-WWOX Occur in Multiple Myeloma with 8q24 Abnormality


Precis: Not only MYC but also PVT1 has a pivotal role in the pathophysiology of multiple myeloma and possibly in other tumors with 8q24 abnormalities where Myc resides.

Chemotherapeutic Sensitivity of Testicular Germ Cell Tumors Under Hypoxic Conditions Is Negatively Regulated by SENP1-Controlled Sumoylation of OCT4

Yu-Chih Wu, Thai-Yen Ling, Shing-Hwa Lu, Hung-Chih Kuo, Hong-Nerng Ho, Shauh-Der Yeh, Chia-Ning Shen, and Yen-Hua Huang

Precis: This study reveals a rational strategy to degrade the chemoresistance of testicular tumors that have a poor prognosis.

RNF8 Regulates Assembly of RAD51 at DNA Double-Strand Breaks in the Absence of BRCA1 and 53BP1

Shinichiro Nakada, Rikako Miyamoto Yonamine, and Koichi Matsuo

Precis: By defining a major new component of DNA repair through homologous recombination, this study also suggests a new strategy to attack BRCA1-deficient breast cancers that are resistant to traditional chemotherapy as well as to experimental PARP1 inhibitors.

Cardiac Inflammation after Local Irradiation Is Influenced by the Kallikrein-Kinin System

Vijayalakshmi Sridharan, Preeti Tripathi, Sunil K. Sharma, Eduardo G. Moros, Peter M. Corry, Benjamin J. Lieblong, Elena Kaschina, Thomas Unger, Christa Thone-Reineke, Martin Hauer-Jensen, and Marjan Boerma

Precis: These results enhance understanding of the causes of radiation-induced heart disease, a severe side effect that can occur with certain forms of radiotherapy of chest tumors, with possible implications for its prevention or management.

Viral RNA Patterns and High Viral Load Reliably Define Oropharynx Carcinomas with Active HPV16 Involvement

Dana Holzinger, Markus Schmitt, Gerhard Dyckhoff, Axel Benner, Michael Pawlita, and Franz X. Bosch

Precis: Identifying biomarkers that define the subset of oropharyngeal cancers driven by an increasing incidence of HPV16 infection could help improve treatment and clinical outcomes.

Biomarkers of HPV in Head and Neck Squamous Cell Carcinoma


Precis: Determining only the HPV16 DNA status or p16 immunostaining is not an effective prognostic biomarker for head and neck cancers on the rise, but combining these markers with E6/E7 antibody status has high predictive clinical value.

FLT-PET Is Superior to FDG-PET for Very Early Response Prediction in NPM-ALK-Positive Lymphoma Treated with Targeted Therapy

Zhoulei Li, Nicolas Graf, Ken Herrmann, Alexandra J. Hunger, Michaela Aichler, Annette Feuchtinger, Anja Baumgart, Axel Walch, Christian Peschel, Markus Schwaiger, Andreas Buck, Ulrich Keller, and Tobias Dechow

Precis: A novel method of PET imaging can predict responses to treatment with a targeted inhibitor early enough in the course of treatment that it may be possible to generate faster predictions of treatment efficacy, thereby determining whether or not a patient should remain on the treatment.

RK1-1447 Is a Potent Inhibitor of the Rho-Associated ROCK Kinases with Anti-Invasive and Antitumor Activities in Breast Cancer

Ronil A. Patel, Kara D. Forinash, Roberta Pireddu, Ying Sun, Nan Sun, Mathew P. Martin, Ernst Schombrunn, Nicholas J. Lawrence, and Saïd M. Sebti

Precis: ROCK kinases are intimately involved in tumor migration and invasion, and the discovery of a drug-like ROCK inhibitor offers significant potential as a novel anti-invasive and antitumor agent.
### Tumor and Stem Cell Biology

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<td><strong>Précis:</strong> These findings offer preclinical validation of a bioenergetic pathway that can be exploited immediately to improve therapeutic intervention in metastatic melanoma.</td>
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<td>5101</td>
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<td>Chiou-Yan Lai, Brian E. Schwartz, and Mei-Yu Hsu</td>
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Adenylate Kinase-4 Is a Marker of Poor Clinical Outcomes That Promotes Metastasis of Lung Cancer by Downregulating the Transcription Factor ATF3

Yi-Hua Jan, Hong-Yuan Tsai, Chih-Jen Yang, Ming-Shyan Huang, Yi-Fang Yang, Tsung-Ching Lai, Chien-Hsin Lee, Yung-Ming Jeng, Chi-Ying Huang, Jen-Liang Su, Yung-Jen Chuang, and Michael Hsiao

Précis: These findings identify an adenylate kinase gene as a lung cancer progression marker that enhances the invasion ability of lung cancer and may represent a biomarker of metastasis.

Reciprocal Metabolic Reprogramming through Lactate Shuttle Coordinately Influences Tumor-Stroma Interplay

Tania Fiaschi, Alberto Marini, Elisa Giannoni, Maria Letizia Taddei, Paolo Gandellini, Alina De Donatis, Michele Lanciotti, Sergio Serni, Paolo Cirri, and Paola Chiarugi

Précis: This study furthers understanding of how cancer cells and cancer-associated fibroblasts support each other through coordinate control and exploitation of metabolic activity to survive nutrient-deprived conditions and license progress to more advanced stages of disease.

ABOUT THE COVER

Squamous cell carcinomas of the uterine cervix were subjected to dynamic contrast-enhanced magnetic resonance imaging by using gadolinium diethylene-triamine penta-acetic acid (Gd-DTPA) as contrast agent and an axial $T_1$-weighted spoiled gradient recalled sequence for imaging. The $T_1$-weighted images showed a high-signal intensity rim in the tumor periphery immediately after the contrast administration, and this rim moved outwards with time. The velocity of the rim movement at the tumor surface was associated with tumor interstitial fluid pressure and incidence of lymph node metastases, and may serve as a novel general biomarker of interstitial hypertension-induced tumor aggressiveness. For details, see article by Hompland and colleagues on page 4899.