**Ovarian Cancer Risk Associated with Inherited Inflammation-Related Variants**


**Précis:** A large case–control study reveals that an inherited variant of the proinflammatory interleukin gene IL1A is associated with the risk of most types of ovarian cancer, offering powerful genetic support for a common role of inflammation in this disease.

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**Exploiting the Mutanome for Tumor Vaccination**

John C. Castle, Sebastian Kreiter, Jan Diekmann, Mark E. Smolkin, Donna H. Deacon, Sofia M. Shea, Lynn T. Dengel, James W. Patterson, and Craig L. Slingluff Jr

**Précis:** This important study heralds strategies for personalized vaccinations of cancer patients, through the use of deep sequencing analysis, which shows that many nonsynonymous somatic mutations in a tumor are sufficient to confer antitumor activity to a peptide vaccine.
**MOLECULAR AND CELLULAR PATHOBIOLOGY**

**Upregulation of miR-196a and HOTAIR Drive Malignant Character in Gastrointestinal Stromal Tumors**

Takeshi Niinuma, Hiromu Suzuki, Masanori Nojima, Katsuhiko Nosho, Hiroyuki Yamamoto, Hiroyuki Takamaru, Eiichiro Yamamoto, Reo Maruyama, Takayuki Nishuoka, Yasuaki Miyazaki, Toshitou Nishida, Takeo Bamba, Tatsuo Kanda, Yoichi Ajisaka, Takahiro Taguchi, Satoshi Okahara, Hiroaki Takahashi, Yasunori Nishida, Masaio Hosokawa, Tadashi Hasegawa, Takashi Tokino, Koichi Hirata, Kohzoh Imai, Minoru Toyota, and Yasuhisa Shinomura

**Précis:** This study is among the first to reveal an important role in human cancer for HOTAIR, a member of an as yet little studied new category of long noncoding RNAs that may have broad applications as biomarkers or therapeutic targets in oncology.

**Effective Treatment of Metastatic Forms of Epstein-Barr Virus–Associated Nasopharyngeal Carcinoma with a Novel Adenovirus-Based Adoptive Immunotherapy**

Corey Smith, Janice Tsang, Leane Beagley, Daniel Chua, Victor Lee, Vivian Li, Denis J. Moss, William Coman, Kwok H. Chan, John Nicholls, Dora Kwong, and Rajiv Khanna

**Précis:** Early clinical findings reported in this study support the ongoing development of an immunotherapy for progressed forms of the most common throat cancer in the Far East, an endemic disease associated with EBV infections in a manner analogous to the association of HPV infections in cervical cancer.

**ATR–ATRIP Kinase Complex Triggers Activation of the Fanconi Anemia DNA Repair Pathway**

Tomoko Shigechi, Junya Tomida, Koichi Sato, Masahiko Kobayashi, John K. Eykelenboom, Fabio Pessina, Yanhui Zhang, Emi Uchida, Masamichi Ishiia, Noel F. Lowndes, Kenichi Yamamoto, Hitoshi Kurumizaka, Yoshikiko Maehara, and Minoru Takata

**Précis:** Findings advance pathophysiologic understanding of a cancer-disposing disorder, Fanconi anemia, and reveal key insights into fundamental control pathways for S-phase DNA repair and cell-cycle checkpoint defective in cancer.
Kaposi Sarcoma Herpesvirus Promotes Endothelial-to-Mesenchymal Transition through Notch-Dependent Signaling

Paola Gasperini, Georgina Espigol-Frigole, Peter J. McCormick, Ombretta Salvucci, Dragan Marcic, Thomas S. Uldrick, Mark N. Polizzotto, Robert Yarchan, and Giovanna Tosato

**Précis:** This study identifies a basis to understand the aggressiveness of a mesenchymal cancer that occurs commonly in AIDS patients, with implications for its better treatment with Notch pathway inhibitors currently being explored in clinical trials.

DNA Methylation Does Not Stably Lock Gene Expression but Instead Serves as a Molecular Mark for Gene Silencing Memory


**Précis:** Chromatin is a target for epigenetic cancer therapies that reactivate gene expression, but removal of DNA methylation signals is required first to achieve durable long-term effects.

Novel Genetic Markers of Breast Cancer Survival Identified by a Genome-Wide Association Study


**Précis:** Genetic variants in the RAD51L1 gene implicated in DNA repair along with a second locus on chromosome 16 appear to predict the survival of breast cancer patients.

Impact of Circulating Vitamin D Binding Protein Levels on the Association between 25-Hydroxyvitamin D and Pancreatic Cancer Risk: A Nested Case–Control Study

Stephanie J. Weinstein, Rachael Z. Stolzenberg-Solomon, William Kopp, Helen Rager, Jarmo Virtamo, and Demetrius Albanes

**Précis:** Findings suggest an explanation for the adverse influence of vitamin D on risk of pancreatic cancer, which contrasts with some other solid tumors, with implications for how future risk association studies of vitamin D may be designed.

Cathepsin B Inhibition Limits Bone Metastasis in Breast Cancer

Nimani P. Withana, Gaila Blum, Mansoureh Sameni, Clare Slaney, Arulselvi Anbalagan, Mary B. Olive, Bradley N. Bidwell, Laura Edgington, Ling Wang, Kamili Moin, Bonnie F. Sloane, Robin L. Anderson, Matthew S. Bogoy, and Belinda S. Parker

**Précis:** Important findings suggest a new strategy to block metastasis of breast cancer cells to bone, a common feature of malignant progression in breast cancer patients with few effective treatment options at present.

B Effector Cells Activated by a Chimeric Protein Consisting of IL-2 and the Ectodomain of TGF-β Receptor II Induce Potent Antitumor Immunity

Claudia Penafuerte, Spencer Ng, Norma Bautista-Lopez, Elena Birman, Kathy Forner, and Jacques Galipeau

**Précis:** A chimeric protein composed of IL-2 and the extracellular part of the TGF-β type II receptor can stimulate B cells to induce complete protection against tumor challenge, with implications for cellular immunotherapy of cancer.

RNAi-Mediated Targeting of Noncoding and Coding Sequences in DNA Repair Gene Messages Efficiently Radiosensitizes Human Tumor Cells

Zhiming Zheng, Wooi Loon Ng, Xiangning Zhang, Jeffrey J. Olson, Chunhai Hao, Walter J. Curran, and Ya Wang

**Précis:** This study defines a generalized approach for highly efficient RNAi-based gene silencing, using a combinatorial targeting strategy to illustrate how knockdown of DNA repair genes can effectively radiosensitize tumor cells.

LRIG1 Modulates Cancer Cell Sensitivity to Smac Mimetics by Regulating TNFα Expression and Receptor Tyrosine Kinase Signaling

Longchuan Bai, Donna McEachern, Chao-Yie Yang, Jianfeng Lu, Haiying Sun, and Shaomeng Wang

**Précis:** This study provides key insights into the basis for resistance to IAP inhibitors, possibly critical to the successful clinical development of this new class of cancer drugs.
Adoptive Cell Therapy for Lymphoma with CD4+ T Cells Depleted of CD137-Expressing Regulatory T Cells
Matthew J. Goldstein, Holbrook E. Kohrt, Roch Houot, Bindu Varghese, Jack T. Lin, Erica Swanson, and Ronald Levy

Precise: This important study provides knowledge that can immediately be translated into the clinical setting to optimize cell-based cancer immunotherapies based on adoptive transfer of CD4+ T lymphocytes.

Pocket Proteins Suppress Head and Neck Cancer
Myeong-Kyun Shin, Henry C. Pitot, and Paul F. Lambert

Precise: Genetic inactivation of the tumor suppressor protein Rb, and its relative p107, is sufficient to phenocopy the oncogenic activity of the human papillomavirus E7 oncoprotein in stimulating formation of head and neck cancer in mice, thereby establishing the importance of Rb/p107 functions in virally associated forms of this cancer which are rising rapidly in incidence.

Precise: Findings reveal that the turmeric spice component curcumin can act in a combinatorial manner to disrupt histone modification and androgen receptor signaling to control prostate cancer growth.

Precise: Results offer key mechanistic insights into how a major proinflammatory driver in the tumor microenvironment promotes epithelial-to-mesenchymal transition and stemness properties in breast cancer cells, with implications into how to therapeutically reverse these features of aggressive progression.

Precise: Sox9, a gene active during embryogenesis and in adult stem cells, is found to be widely upregulated in various cancers where its expression is associated with unrestrained cell proliferation, immortalization, and tumorigenesis.

Correction: Increased Survival of Glioblastoma Patients Who Respond to Antiangiogenic Therapy with Elevated Blood Perfusion

Correction: Regulation of Matrix Metalloproteinase Genes by E2F Transcription Factors: Rb–Raf-1 Interaction as a Novel Target for Metastatic Disease
ABOUT THE COVER

A number of cathepsin proteases have been documented to promote tumor invasion and metastasis. However, the role of specific proteases in breast cancer metastasis and the therapeutic potential of their selective inhibition in clinically relevant models are not clear. Using 3D and in vivo models, Withana and colleagues have shown that the cysteine protease cathepsin B has important roles in breast cancer metastasis and that therapeutic inhibition of this protease using small-molecule inhibitors dramatically decreases metastasis to lung and bone. The cover image was produced with fluorescent whole-body imaging using a cysteine cathepsin activity–based fluorescent probe (GB123) and the fluorescent diphosphonate probe Osteosense 750, which detects bone remodeling. The image shows cysteine cathepsin activity along the spine of mice bearing bone metastatic tumors. This activity is reduced in mice treated with the cathepsin B selective small-molecule inhibitor CA-074. For details, see the article by Withana and colleagues on page 1199 of this issue.