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Précis: This study prompts immediate attention to reposition small-molecule inhibitors of the DNA damage response protein PARP-1, a new class of experimental agents currently in trials in the adult oncology clinic, for treatment of a particularly aggressive and deadly class of pediatric sarcomas.

1614  Receptor Tyrosine Kinase Genes Amplified in Glioblastoma Exhibit a Mutual Exclusivity in Variable Proportions Reflective of Individual Tumor Heterogeneity
Suzanne E. Little, Sergey Popov, Alexa Jury, Dorine A. Bax, Lawrence Doey, Safa Al-Sarraj, Juliane E. Jurgensmeier, and Arul M. Chinnaiyan
Précis: This study expresses immediate attention to the repositioning of experimental agents targeting receptor tyrosine kinase genes in glioblastoma, a common brain tumor, for treatment of tumors that exhibit significant heterogeneity.

CLINICAL STUDIES
1621  Oncolytic Immunotherapy of Advanced Solid Tumors with a CD40L-Expressing Replicating Adenovirus: Assessment of Safety and Immunologic Responses in Patients
Précis: Clinical translation of oncolytic virotherapy has been mainly disappointing, but this study describes a modification that may improve the ability to trigger tumor clearance by defeating immune escape.

INTEGRATED SYSTEMS AND TECHNOLOGIES
1632  Combinatorial Chemotherapeutic Efficacy in Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma Can Be Predicted by a Signaling Model of CD20 Pharmacodynamics
John M. Harrold, Robert M. Straubinger, and Donald E. Mager
Précis: This study offers a mathematical model that can predict the efficacy of combinatorial chemotherapy regimens, which include the CD20 agonist rituximab, a drug that is being used to treat an increasing number of human cancers.

MICROENVIRONMENT AND IMMUNOLOGY
1642  Dissection of T-cell Antigen Specificity in Human Melanoma
Rikke Sick Andersen, Charlotte Albeek Thrue, Niels Junker, Rikke Lyngaa, Marco Donia, Eva Ellebæk, Inge Marie Svane, Tor N. Schumacher, Per Thor Straten, and Sine Reker Hadrup
Précis: By defining the antigens recognized by tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes, one might improve their efficacy and, in turn, improve adoptive cell therapy in cancer.

A Journal of the American Association for Cancer Research  iii  www.aacrjournals.org
Oncolytic Virus and Anti–4-1BB Combination Therapy Elicits Strong Antitumor Immunity against Established Cancer

Précis: The preclinical proof-of-concept offered by this study suggests a strategy to improve the clinical efficacy of oncolytic viruses for cancer immunotherapy by combining them with an immune agonist antibody that may help overcome tumor-mediated immune suppression.

Preclinical Evaluation of TriMix and Antigen mRNA-Based Antitumor Therapy
Sandra Van Lint, Cleo Goyvaerts, Sarah Maenhout, Lode Goethals, Aurélie Disy, Daphné Benteyn, Joeri Pen, Aude Bonehill, Carlo Heirman, Karine Breckpot, and Kris Thielemans

Précis: This study presents important progress in the rapid development of simpler kinds of dendritic cell vaccines, the first ever of which was approved for patient treatment in the United States last year.

Intracellular Tumor-Associated Antigens Represent Effective Targets for Passive Immunotherapy

Précis: Contrary to a widely held but incorrect belief in the field, intracellular tumor antigens can offer highly effective targets for monoclonal antibody–directed therapy, as shown by this preclinical study.

Reprogramming Tumor-Associated Dendritic Cells In Vivo Using miRNA Mimetics Triggers Protective Immunity against Ovarian Cancer

Précis: Findings suggest it may be feasible to modulate microRNA activities in leukocytes in the tumor microenvironment without need of viral vectors or difficult clinical implementations.

Vascular Normalization by Loss of Siah2 Results in Increased Chemotherapeutic Efficacy
Christina S.F. Wong, Jaclyn Sceney, Colin M. House, Heloise M. Halse, Mira C.P. Liu, Joshy George, Titaina C.U. Potdevin Hunnam, Belinda S. Parker, Izhak Haviv, Ze’ev Ronai, Carleen Cullinane, David D. Bowtell, and Andreas Möller

Précis: Findings offer preclinical proof-of-concept that targeting the Siah2 ubiquitin ligase that regulates the hypoxia response factor HIF-1α can relieve hypoxia, normalize tumor vasculature, and improve responses to chemotherapy.

Vanilloid Receptor-1 Regulates Neurogenic Inflammation in Colon and Protects Mice from Colon Cancer
Amaya G. Vinuesa, Rocío Sancho, Carmen García-Limones, Axel Behrens, Peter ten Dijke, Marco A. Calzado, and Eduardo Muñoz

Précis: This important study offers compelling genetic support for the intriguing concept that neuronally controlled processes of inflammation may underlie the root inflammatory microenvironment that drives the development and progression of colon cancer, with implications for targeting neuroinflammatory receptors that control these processes as a wholly novel strategy to prevent or treat this major disease.

Cancer Vaccination Drives Nanog-Dependent Evolution of Tumor Cells toward an Immune-Resistant and Stem-like Phenotype
Kyung Hee Noh, Young-Ho Lee, Ju-Hong Jeon, Tae Heung Kang, Chih-Ping Mao, T.-C. Wu, and Tae Woo Kim

Précis: An important stem cell transcription factor is found to drive development of tumoral immune resistance after therapeutic vaccinations, suggesting possible strategies to enhance cancer immunotherapy.

RORα Suppresses Breast Tumor Invasion by Inducing SEMA3F Expression
Gaofeng Xiong, Chi Wang, B. Mark Evers, Binhua P. Zhou, and Ren Xu

Précis: Findings point to an important role for the Th17 immune transcription factor RORα in preventing the establishment of an immune-suppressive tumor microenvironment in mammary tissue.
Tumor Cell–Derived Angiopoietin-like Protein ANGPTL2 Is a Critical Driver of Metastasis


Précis: Findings have implications for a broad-based antibody-mediated strategy to blunt metastasis in various human cancers where an angiogenesis-related factor is implicated in this process.

19p13.1 Is a Triple-Negative–Specific Breast Cancer Susceptibility Locus

Kristen N. Stevens, Zachary Fredericksen, Celine M. Vachon, Xianshu Wang, Sara Margolin, Anniika Lindblom, Heli Sevanlinna, Dario Greco, Krista Aittomäki, Carl Bögumil, Jenny Chang-Claude, Ilona Vriend, Dieter Fleisch-Janss, Hans-Peter Sinn, Shan Wang-Gohrke, Stefan Nickels, Hilfrud Brauch on behalf of the GENICA Network, Yor-Dschun Ko, Hans-Peter Fischer, Rita K. Schmutzler, Alfons Meindl, Claus R. Bartram, Sarah Schott, Christoph Engel, Andrew K. Godwin, Matthias A. Beppu, Irene Pecht, Harsh B. Pathak, Christoph Plass, Takashi Minami, Seiji Okada, Takashi Takahashi, Naoki Mochizuki, Hirotaka Iwase, and Yuichi Oike

Précis: Findings reveal key functions for miR-155 and β-catenin signaling in progression of liposarcoma, with implications for prognosis and therapy of dedifferentiated deadly forms of this disease.

miRNA-130a Targets ATG2B and DICER1 to Inhibit Autophagy and Trigger Killing of Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia Cells

Valentina Kovaleva, Rodrigo Mora, Yoon Jung Park, Christoph Plass, Abhiraj S. Chiramel, Ralf Bartenschlager, Hartmut Döhner, Stephan Stilgenbauer, Armin Pscherer, Peter Lichter, and Hartmut Döhner

Précis: Findings suggest a feedback loop involving a microRNA that controls expression of a master microRNA regulatory gene with an impact on the autophagic susceptibility of cancer cells, thereby affecting treatment efficacy and posttreatment relapse.

Hypoxia-Induced Autophagy Promotes Tumor Cell Survival and Adaptation to Antiangiogenic Treatment in Glioblastoma

Yu-Long Hu, Michael DeLay, Arman Jahangiri, Annette M. Molinaro, Samuel D. Rose, and Eric Young

Précis: This important study has immediate clinical implications because it suggests ways that autophagy inhibitors such as chloroquine might be combined with antiangiogenic therapies to limit a mechanism of resistance and thereby extend efficacy.
### CHEMICAL BIOLOGY

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### THERAPEUTICS, TARGETS, AND CHEMICAL BIOLOGY

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### TUMOR AND STEM CELL BIOLOGY

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<td><strong>Precis:</strong> Vaccines that use purified cancer stem cells are highly immunogenic and trigger antitumor immunity with greater potency than that triggered by vaccines composed of unselected tumor cells.</td>
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miRNA Signatures Associate with Pathogenesis and Progression of Osteosarcoma

Kevin B. Jones, Zaidoun Salah, Sara Del Mare, Marco Galasso, Eugenio Gaudio, Gerard J. Nuovo, Francesca Lovat, Kimberly LeBlanc, Jeff Palatini, R. Lor Randall, Stefano Volinia, Gary S. Stein, Carlo M. Croce, Jane B. Lian, and Rami I. Aqeilan

Précis: Osteosarcoma is a leading cause of death in adolescents yet remains mainly devoid of development of sounder tools to improve prognosis or therapy.

Pten Loss and Ras/MAPK Activation Cooperate to Promote EMT and Metastasis Initiated from Prostate Cancer Stem/Progenitor Cells

David J. Mulholland, Naoko Kobayashi, Marcus Ruscetti, Allen Zhi, Linh M. Tran, Jiaoti Huang, Martin Gleave, and Hong Wu

Précis: Development of a prostate cancer model that addresses the major metastatic burden accompanying late-stage human disease addresses a gap in the field that may permit the development of more effective targeted treatment strategies.

Jab1/CSN5 Negatively Regulates P27 and Plays a Role in the Pathogenesis of Nasopharyngeal Carcinoma

Yunbao Pan, Qingxiu Zhang, Ling Tian, Xin Wang, Xiaohang Fan, Huizhong Zhang, Francois X. Clare, and Huiying Yang

Précis: Definition of a cell-cycle regulatory role for a component of the signalosome, a protein turnover complex analogous to the proteosome but less understood, suggests new strategies to treat an aggressive cancer endemic in East Asia.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Lactate-Induced IL-8 Pathway in Endothelial Cells—Letter

Céline Pinheiro, Adhemar Longatto-Filho, Rosete Nogueira, Fernando Schmitt, and Fátima Baltazar

Lactate-Induced IL-8 Pathway in Endothelial Cells—Response

Frédérique Végran, Emmanuel Seront, Pierre Sonveaux, and Olivier Feron

ABOUT THE COVER

Tumor metastasis represents a major cause of cancer mortality. Despite intense effort, strategies designed to inhibit metastasis have been unsuccessful, in part due to lack of understanding of mechanisms underlying the process. In this study, a shortened period of disease-free survival was observed after surgery in lung cancer patients showing high angiopoietin-like protein 2 (ANGPTL2) expression in tumor cells within primary tumor sites. Furthermore, tumor cell–derived ANGPTL2 increased tumor cell motility and invasive capacity in an autocrine/paracrine manner, resulting in acquisition of metastatic tumor phenotypes. In tumor cell–implanted mouse models, tumor cell–derived ANGPTL2 accelerated metastasis and shortened survival periods; conversely, decreasing ANGPTL2 expression in tumor cells significantly attenuated metastasis and extended survival periods. This image represents CD44–stained human breast tumor cells expressing ANGPTL2 in lung metastasis in mice. For details, see the article by Endo and colleagues on page 1784 of this issue.