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MICROENVIRONMENT AND IMMUNOLOGY

7239 Adenosine A2A Receptors Intrinsically Regulate CD8\(^+\) T Cells in the Tumor Microenvironment
Caglar Cekic and Joel Linden

Précis: Targeted deletion of the adenosine A2A receptor, an important inhibitory receptor on T cells, paradoxically enhances the growth rate of solid tumors by impairing tumor-associated T-cell maintenance and effector/memory differentiation, with implications for clinical testing of A2A receptor antagonists to enhance cancer immunotherapy.

7250 Myeloid Expression of Adenosine A2A Receptor Suppresses T and NK Cell Responses in the Solid Tumor Microenvironment
Caglar Cekic, Yuan-Ji Day, Duygu Sag, and Joel Linden

Précis: This study provides a mechanistic rationale to reposition inhibitors of a certain class of cell surface adenosine receptors to block an important pathway of immune escape that is commonly activated in solid tumors, with immediate implications for clinical evaluation.

7260 Cellular Factors Promoting Resistance to Effective Treatment of Glioma with Oncolytic Myxoma Virus
Franz J. Zemp, Brienne A. McKenzie, Xueqing Lun, Karlyne M. Reilly, Grant McFadden, V. Wee Yong, and Peter A. Forsyth

Précis: This study identifies specific leukocyte classes that are responsible for conferring resistance to oncolytic viral therapy in a syngeneic orthotopic model of glioma, demonstrating the importance of immunocompetency in preclinical models of this type of therapy and suggesting immune-based strategies to improve its efficacy.

7274 Myeloid IKK\(\beta\) Promotes Antitumor Immunity by Modulating CCL11 and the Innate Immune Response
Jinming Yang, Oriana E. Hawkins, Whitney Barham, Pavlo Gilchuk, Mark Boothby, Gregory D. Ayers, Sebastian Joyce, Michael Karin, Fiona E. Yull, and Ann Richmond

Précis: The importance of maintaining NF-\(\kappa\)B in myeloid cells to optimize the host antitumor response is illustrated in melanoma tumor models, illuminating mechanisms relevant to therapeutics affecting this pathway.

7285 RAGE Expression in Tumor-Associated Macrophages Promotes Angiogenesis in Glioma
Xuebo Chen, Leying Zhang, Ian Y. Zhang, Junling Liang, Huaqing Wang, Mao Ouyang, Shihua Wu, Anna Carolina Carvalho da Fonseca, Lihong Weng, Yasuhiko Yamamoto, Hiroshi Yamamoto, Rama Natarajan, and Behnam Badie

Précis: Signaling by a proinflammatory receptor in glioma-associated microglial and macrophages drives angiogenesis in the tumor microenvironment, reinforcing interest in this receptor as a therapeutic target in glioma.

7298 Natural Killer Cells Are Essential for the Ability of BRAF Inhibitors to Control BRAF-V600E-Mutant Metastatic Melanoma
Lucas Ferrari de Andrade, Shin F. Ngiov, Kimberly Stannard, Sylvie Rusakiewicz, Murugan Kalimutho, Kum Kum Khanna, Siok-Keen Tey, Kazuyoshi Takeda, Laurence Zitvogel, Ludovic Martinet, and Mark J. Smyth

Précis: This seminal study shows that, like imatinib, inhibitors of mutant BRAF must engage the immune system to elicit their profound antitumor effects, offering further encouragement to the concept that immunotherapeutic responses form the foundation of any effective cancer therapy.

7309 ISG15 Is a Critical Microenvironmental Factor for Pancreatic Cancer Stem Cells
Bruno Sainz Jr, Beatriz Martin, Marianthi Tatari, Christopher Heesch, and Susana Guerra

Précis: This study highlights the role of a previously unrecognized support factor in the tumor microenvironment for cancer stem cells in pancreatic cancer, with implications for tractable new strategies to attack this deadly disease.

MOLECULAR AND CELLULAR PATHOBIOLOGY

7321 Astrocyte Elevated Gene-1 Interacts with Akt Isoform 2 to Control Glioma Growth, Survival, and Pathogenesis

Précis: These results illuminate a central mechanism of glioma progression and provide a rationale to target this mechanism as a novel treatment in this setting.
H3K9 Histone Methyltransferase, KMT1E/SETDB1, Cooperates with the SMAD2/3 Pathway to Suppress Lung Cancer Metastasis


Précis: These findings provide important mechanistic insights into how TGFβ promotes lung cancer metastasis, with possible implications for understanding how to target this broadly important pathway in cancer progression.

Myostatin Gene Inactivation Prevents Skeletal Muscle Wasting in Cancer

Yann S. Gallot, Anne-Cécile Durieux, Josiane Castells, Marine M. Desgeorges, Barbara Vernus, Léa Plantureux, Didier Rémond, Vanessa E. Jahnke, Etienne Lefai, Dominique Dardevet, Georges Nemoz, Laurent Schaeffer, Anne Bonnieu, and Damien C. Freyssenet

Précis: Striking preclinical results suggest that targeting a TGFβ-related protein that inhibits muscle differentiation may not only impede muscle wasting (cachexia) in patients with advanced cancer, but also limit malignant growth and increase survival.

Homeoprotein Six2 Promotes Breast Cancer Metastasis via Transcriptional and Epigenetic Control of E-Cadherin Expression

Chu-An Wang, David Drasin, Catherine Pham, Paul Jedlicka, Vadym Zaberezhnyy, Michelle Guney, Howard Li, Raphael Nemenoff, James C. Costello, Aik-Choon Tan, and Heide L. Ford

Précis: A transcription factor that regulates normal kidney development is found to be switched on in aggressive breast cancers, where it drives metastasis in part by downregulating E-cadherin.

Mig-6 Suppresses Endometrial Cancer Associated with Pten Deficiency and ERK Activation

Tae Hoon Kim, Jung-Yoon Yoo, Hong Im Kim, Jennifer Gilbert, Bon Jeong Ku, Jane Li, Gordon B. Mills, Russell R. Broaddus, John P. Lydon, Jeong Mook Lim, Ho-Geun Yoon, and Jae-Wook Jeong

Précis: These findings provide a mechanistic rationale for the evaluation of ERK1/2 inhibitors as a therapeutic treatment in human endometrial cancer.

Combined Genome and Transcriptome Analysis of Single Disseminated Cancer Cells from Bone Marrow of Prostate Cancer Patients Reveals Unexpected Transcriptomes

Miodrag Gužvić, Bernhard Braun, Roman Ganzer, Maximilian Burger, Michael Nerlich, Sebastian Winkler, Melanie Werner-Klein, Zhigniew T. Czyż, Bernhard Polzer, and Christoph A. Klein

Précis: Provocative indications of unexpected transcriptome plasticity in disseminated cancer cells challenge transcriptional criteria to identify these cells in blood as early harbinger of metastatic disease.

PELP1 Overexpression in the Mouse Mammary Gland Results in the Development of Hyperplasia and Carcinoma

Valerie Cortez, Cathy Samayoa, Andrea Zamora, Lizatte Martínez, Rajeshwar R. Tekmal, and Ratna K. Vadlamudi

Précis: A transcriptional coactivator of estrogen receptor target genes acts as an oncogene in breast tumorigenesis, with possible implications in understanding the etiology and pathogenesis of estrogen receptor-positive breast cancers.

Differentiation and Loss of Malignant Character of Spontaneous Pulmonary Metastases in Patient-Derived Breast Cancer Models

Jessica Bockhorn, Alex Prat, Ya-Fang Chang, Xia Liu, Simo Huang, Meng Shang, Chika Nwachukwu, Maria J. Gomez-Vega, J. Chuck Harrell, Olufunmilayo I. Olopade, Charles M. Perou, and Huiping Liu

Précis: microRNAs contribute to the phenotypic regulation of homed metastatic cells, loss of the mesenchymal state and malignancy but gain of luminal epithelial differentiation, compared with the parental tumor cells in the primary site.

Phosphoinositide Protein Kinase PDPK1 Is a Crucial Cell Signaling Mediator in Multiple Myeloma

Yoshiaki Chinen, Junya Kuroda, Yuji Shimura, Hisao Nagoshi, Miki Kiyota, Mio Yamamoto-Sugitani, Shinsuke Mizutani, Natsumi Sakamoto, Masaki Ri, Eri Kawata, Tsutomu Kobayashi, Yosuke Matsumoto, Shigeo Horiike, Shinsuke Iida, and Masafumi Taniwaki

Précis: These findings provide a preclinical rationale for the development of inhibitors of a phosphotidylinositol kinase as a generally effective treatment for deadly multiple myelomas, regardless of their cytogenetic and molecular profiles.
7430 Oncogenic KRAS Confers Chemoresistance by Upregulating NRF2
Shasha Tao, Shue Wang, Seyed Javad Moghaddam, Aikseng Ooi, Eli Chapman, Pak K. Wong, and Donna D. Zhang
Précis: Although strategies to attack KRAS in tumors have remained elusive, despite decades of research, this study shows how it may be possible to ablate the most damaging effect of KRAS mutations in conferring therapeutic resistance, an exciting prospect with immediate clinical implications.

PREVENTION AND EPIDEMIOLOGY
7442 Plasma Choline Metabolites and Colorectal Cancer Risk in the Women’s Health Initiative Observational Study
Sajin Bae, Cornelia M. Ulrich, Marian L. Neuhouser, Olga Malyshева, Lynn B. Bailey, Liren Xiao, Elissa C. Brown, Kara L. Cushing-Haugen, Yingye Zheng, Ting-Yuan David Cheng, Joshua W. Miller, Ralph Green, Dorothy S. Lane, Shirley A.A. Beresford, and Marie A. Caudill
Précis: These results suggest that alterations in gut choline metabolism may drive a higher risk of colon cancer, possibly connected to changes in the gut microbiome.

THERAPEUTICS, TARGETS, AND CHEMICAL BIOLOGY
7453 Endothelin A Receptor/β-Arrestin Signaling to the Wnt Pathway Renders Ovarian Cancer Cells Resistant to Chemotherapy
Laura Rosano, Roberta Cianfrocca, Piera Tocci, Francesca Spinella, Valeriana Di Castro, Valentina Caprara, Elisa Semprucci, Gabriella Ferrandina, Pier Giorgio Natali, and Anna Bagnato
Précis: By linking endothelin signaling to chemoresistance in ovarian cancer, this study suggests new strategies to improve treatment outcomes in this disease setting.

7465 Quantitative In Vivo Immunohistochemistry of Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor Using a Receptor Concentration Imaging Approach
Kimberley S. Samkoe, Kenneth M. Tichauer, Jason R. Gunn, Wendy A. Wells, Tayyaba Hasan, and Brian W. Pogue
Précis: This study reports a robust in vivo measure of receptor expression that is equivalent to ex vivo immunostaining, with implications for use in noninvasive monitoring of therapy or therapeutic guidance during surgery.

7475 Syntheses and Discovery of a Novel Class of Cinnamic Hydroxamates as Histone Deacetylase Inhibitors by Multimodality Molecular Imaging in Living Subjects
Précis: This study offers a preclinical proof of concept for the selectivity and anticancer efficacy of a novel hydroxamate-based class of small molecule HDAC inhibitors.

7487 FL118 Induces p53-Dependent Senescence in Colorectal Cancer Cells by Promoting Degradation of MdmX
Xiang Ling, Chao Xu, Chuandong Fan, Kai Zhong, Fengzhi Li, and Xinjiang Wang
Précis: The study defines a mechanism of action for an experimental camptothecin-like agent, which exhibits a superior preclinical antitumor activity related to its ability to stimulate p53-dependent senescence.

7498 Mitochondrial MKP1 Is a Target for Therapy-Resistant HER2-Positive Breast Cancer Cells
Demet Candas, Chung-Ling Lu, Ming Fan, Frank Y.S. Chuang, Colleen Sweeney, Alexander D. Borowsky, and Jian Jian Li
Précis: This study identifies a potential mechanism of resistance in breast tumors and reveals the MAPK phosphatase MKP1 as a therapeutic target to sensitize resistant tumors and improve the efficacy of anticancer therapy.

7510 Harnessing the Fcγ Receptor for Potent and Selective Cytotoxic Therapy of Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia
Bérangère Vire, Martin Skarzynski, Joshua D. Thomas, Christopher G. Nelson, Alexandre David, Georg Aue, Terrence R. Burke Jr, Christoph Rader, and Adrian Wiestner
Précis: These findings offer a basis to exploit an intrinsic feature of chronic lymphocytic leukemia to improve the selective delivery and efficacy of cytotoxic drugs to eradicate this cancer.

7521 Serine Deprivation Enhances Antineoplastic Activity of Biguanides
Simon-Pierre Gravel, Laura Hulea, Nader Toban, Elena Birman, Marie-José Blouin, Mahvash Zakikhani, Yunhua Zhao, Ivan Topisirovic, Julie St-Pierre, and Michael Pollak
Précis: While more than 100 clinical trials are under way to evaluate metformin and other biguanides in cancer treatment, careful attention to nutritional and metabolic factors that influence antineoplastic activity is needed to optimize clinical trial designs.
Identification of ATR–Chk1 Pathway Inhibitors That Selectively Target p53-Deficient Cells without Directly Suppressing ATR Catalytic Activity
Masaoki Kawasumi, James E. Bradner, Nicola Tolliday, Renee Thibodeau, Heather Sloan, Kay M. Brummond, and Paul Nghiem
Précis: These results highlight a set of new molecular probes that act in a mechanismically novel manner to inhibit the ATR-Chk1 checkpoint pathway and improve the therapeutic responses produced by DNA damaging drugs.

Targeting the c-Met/FZD8 Signaling Axis Eliminates Patient-Derived Cancer Stem-like Cells in Head and Neck Squamous Carcinomas
Shuyang Sun, Suling Liu, Sheng Zhong Duan, Lei Zhang, Henghua Zhou, Yongjie Hu, Xianghui Zhou, Chaoji Shi, Rong Zhou, and Zhiyuan Zhang
Précis: These results offer a preclinical proof of concept to target the MET receptor kinase to improve the treatment of head and neck squamous cancers, with immediate clinical implications for repositioning MET inhibitors in human trials.

Downregulated miR329 and miR410 Promote the Proliferation and Invasion of Oral Squamous Cell Carcinoma by Targeting Wnt-7b
Shine-Gwo Shiah, Jenn-Ren Hsiao, Wei-Min Chang, Ya-Wen Chen, Ying-Tai Jin, Tung-Yiu Wong, Jehn-Shyun Huang, Sen-Tien Tsai, Yuan-Ming Hsu, Sung-Tau Chou, Yi-Chen Yen, Shih Sheng Jiang, Yi-Shing Shieh, I-Shou Chang, Michael Hsiiao, and Jang-Yang Chang
Précis: These findings offer insight into the carcinogenic properties of betel quid, a botanical that is sometimes mixed with tobacco for use as an oral stimulant in the Indian subcontinent and other regions of Asia.

Targeting of miR34a–NOTCH1 Axis Reduced Breast Cancer Stemness and Chemoresistance
Précis: Downregulation of a tumor suppressor miRNA appears to be important in generating stem-like properties and doxorubicin resistance in a well-established model of estrogen-dependent breast cancer.

OncoGene Pathway Activation in Mammary Tumors Dictates FDG-PET Uptake
Précis: PET scans are used commonly in the clinic to image tumors on the basis of their elevated glucose uptake, but the parameters underlying uptake of the imaging probe have not been well understood, as explored by this study.

The Increasing Urgency for Standards in Basic Biologic Research Published Recently in Cancer Research—Letter
Keith Dredge

Acknowledgment to Reviewers
ABOUT THE COVER

Myostatin gene inactivation drastically reduces the development of polyposis in Apc<sup>Min</sup>+/ mouse. The Apc<sup>Min</sup>+/ mouse has a mutation in the adenomatous polyposis coli (Apc) tumor suppressor gene, which is responsible for the development of colorectal cancer and cachexia. Myostatin is a master negative regulator of skeletal muscle mass. It was found that inactivation of the myostatin gene on the Apc<sup>Min</sup>+/ genetic background, a condition that completely prevents cancer cachexia, strikingly reduced the number and size of intestinal polyps. For details see article by Gallot and colleagues on page 7344.