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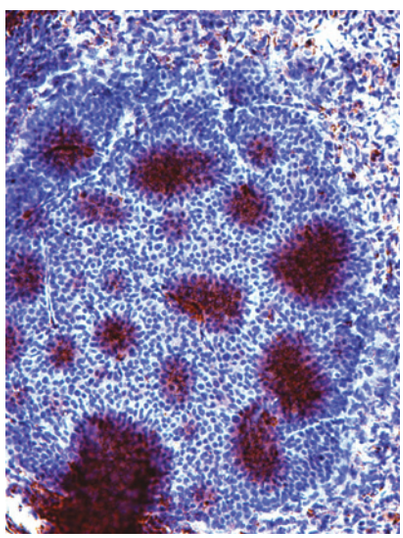
ABOUT THE COVER

Mitochondrial polymorphisms are associated with defining human clades (races) and with susceptibility to mammary tumor development and metastasis. Brinker and colleagues show that metastatic efficiency changes with different mitochondrial haplotypes in an oncogenic driver-dependent manner. Vimentin is a marker of an epithelial-mesenchymal transition, a process that is often associated with tumor invasion and metastasis. Unexpectedly, no effect on vimentin immunohistochemical staining was observed in HER2-driven mammary tumors despite changes in metastatic efficiency. For details, see article by Brinker and colleagues on page 6941.



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